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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/643,035	08/18/2003	David M. Geibel	ABPT-0201/B990661	3228	
23377	7590 11/23/2004		EXAMINER		
WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP			MAI, ANH T		
	TY PLACE, 46TH FLOOF ET STREET	₹	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PHILADELI	IIA, PA 19103		2832		
			DATE MAILED: 11/23/200	DATE MAILED: 11/23/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	(	Application No.	Applicant(s)	_
		10/643,035	GEIBEL, DAVID M.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	6	Anh T. Mai	2832	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport		the correspondence address	_
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl openiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ire to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH: e, cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed  0) days will be considered timely.  6 from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status	·			
1)⊠ 2a)□ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 C</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under the pra	s action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters	•	
Dispositi	ion of Claims	•		
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati	Claim(s) 9 and 12-30 is/are pending in the approximate the above claim(s) 9,12-20 is/are withdred claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 21-30 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examine	rawn from consideration.  or election requirement.		
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposition and accomposition acc	drawing(s) be held in abeyance tion is required if the drawing(s)	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in App rity documents have been re u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage	
Attachmen				
2)	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Claims 9, 12-20 have been withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on October 15, 2004.

In the instant application, claims 21-30 have been examined.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

What does applicant intend by "cured and filler-less epoxy compound"? Does applicant imply "cured filler-less structure" or "cure epoxy structure"? What is "sight bowl"? Is it the bowl inside the transformer bushing? Term "ultraviolet light absorbers" is unclear. Applicant is required to specify.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowman et al. [4594475] in view of Eisberg et al. [6074595].

Bowman discloses a transformer tank, bushing 5 coupled to transformer and bushing bowl 15 [see fig 1].

An electrical insulating <u>bushing</u> is generally indicated at 5 and is employed on a <u>tank</u> of an electrical apparatus, such as a <u>transformer</u>, circuit breaker, or the like, for connecting leads from the electrical apparatus contained within the <u>tank</u> to an exterior electrical circuit. The <u>bushing</u> 5 comprises an outer shell or tubular housing 7, a mounting annulus 9 having a flange 11, a lower shell or housing 13, and a <u>bushing bowl</u> 15. The tubular housing 7 is composed of a dielectric material, such as an epoxy resin or porcelain, and is mounted on the metallic annulus 9 which extends through an opening 17 in a <u>tank</u> wall 19 and where it is secured in place in a conventional manner such as by a plurality of spaced bolts extending through the mounting flange 11. The lower shell or housing 13 is likewise composed of a dielectric material, such as an epoxy resin or porcelain, and is secured in a fluid-tight manner to the lower end of the annulus 9.

Bowman discloses the invention as claimed as cited above except for the material of the bowl being transparent and comprising a cured and filler-less epoxy compound. Eisberg discloses a rigid, three-dimensional, transparent structure comprising a cured filler-less epoxy compound having a cylindrical structure [abstract; lns 1-22 and col 8, lns 44-46].

With respect to claim 23, Eisberg discloses a rigid, three dimensional, transparent structure wherein the cured filler-less epoxy compound being cycloaliphatic epoxy resin [col 5, lns 21-24

With respect to claims 24, 28 Eisberg discloses a rigid, three dimensional, transparent structure wherein the cured filler-less epoxy compound is anhydride cured [col 5, lns 21-24].

(21) The particularly preferred second resin system includes a well known cycloaliphatic epoxy resin and an acid anhydride curing agent which system is curable at elevated temperatures in the range of about 70.degree. *C.* to about 175.degree. *C.* 

With respect to claim 25, Eisberg discloses a rigid, three dimensional, transparent structure wherein the cured filler-less epoxy compound containing ultraviolet light absorbers [col 5, lns 39-50]

Photoinitiators suitable for ultraviolent (UV) radiation-curing of acrylic, methacrylic and vinyl monomers include free radical-generating UV initiators, such as benzopheneone, diethoxy-acetophenone and the like. Infrared initiators include cumene hydroperoxide, benzoyl peroxide, asobisisobutyronitrile, and also azo and peroxide compounds. When the radiation-curable first resin system includes an epoxy resin, the photoinitiator may be a UV initiator which liberates a Lewis acid and/or Bronsted acid, such as iodonium salts, sulfonium salts, arsonium salts and diazonium salts.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use material as taught by Eisberg to the bowl of Bowman. The motivation would have been to provide the pressure reinforced material for the bowl. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Eisberg with Bowman.

#### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Scott [4543730].

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anh T. Mai whose telephone number is 571-272-1995. The examiner can normally be reached on 5/4/9 Schedule.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Elvin Enad can be reached on 571-272-1990. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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ANH MAI PRIMARY EXAMINER